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Shallow, deep reef ecosystem links in the spotlight

Marine researchers are aiming to shed new light on the relationship between fish communities in Tasmania's shallow and deep reef ecosystems.

The state's shallow reefs are vital to commercial and recreational fisheries for scalefish and invertebrates, and have been studied extensively.

Comparatively less is known about deep reef ecosystems. Project Leader, Dr Lucretia Lyle, from the University of Tasmania's Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies, said.

The deeper shelf reefs (beyond 40 metres) provide habitat for many fish species found in shallow reefs, but a community's greater life span, high productivity and habitat structure is required for future management.

that include trawling, warming, wreck, rock lobster and abalone." Dr Lyle said.

"The reefs are subject to increasing ecological pressures, from impacts of fishing to the broader consequences of climate change.

"In this study we will be focussing on areas open to fishing over the next year or so to better understand the ecological importance of such deeper reef ecosystems to fishery production.

"Recent studies of offshore Commonwealth marine protected areas provide some information about deeper areas on the continental shelf, but accessing these deeper reefs is much more of a logistical challenge."

Dr Lyle said the study will use multi-beam sonar data, in conjunction with underwater video and still imagery, to provide high-resolution maps of reef areas extending from the coast to the shelf edge.

Fish communities in these habitats will be surveyed using technology including baited remote underwater video stations (BRUVS) and remotely operated vehicles (ROVs) to monitor the spatial and temporal changes in the

fish community. This method provides the ability to comprehensively describe fish composition and their associations with habitats." Dr Lyle said

"Research that applies fish ecology to habitats will be a relatively unexplored area of scientific research. The results of our research will be used to assess the impacts of fishing and environmental variability on reef ecosystems and their fisheries."

fisheries."

The study is supported by \$227,000 funding from the Australian Government through the Fisheries Research and Development Corporation.

Dr Lyle will be joined by a team of IMAS academics including Drs Neville Barrett, Nicole Hill and Vanessa Lucieer.

Information released by:

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